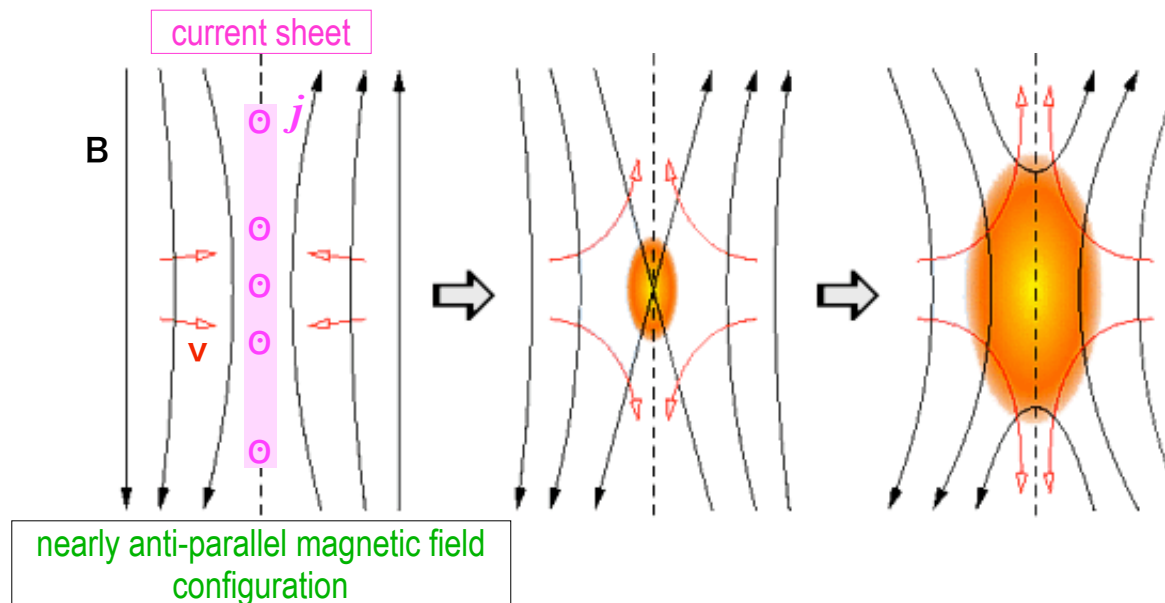


Diffusion of magnetic fields in the solar atmosphere

Magnetic reconnection

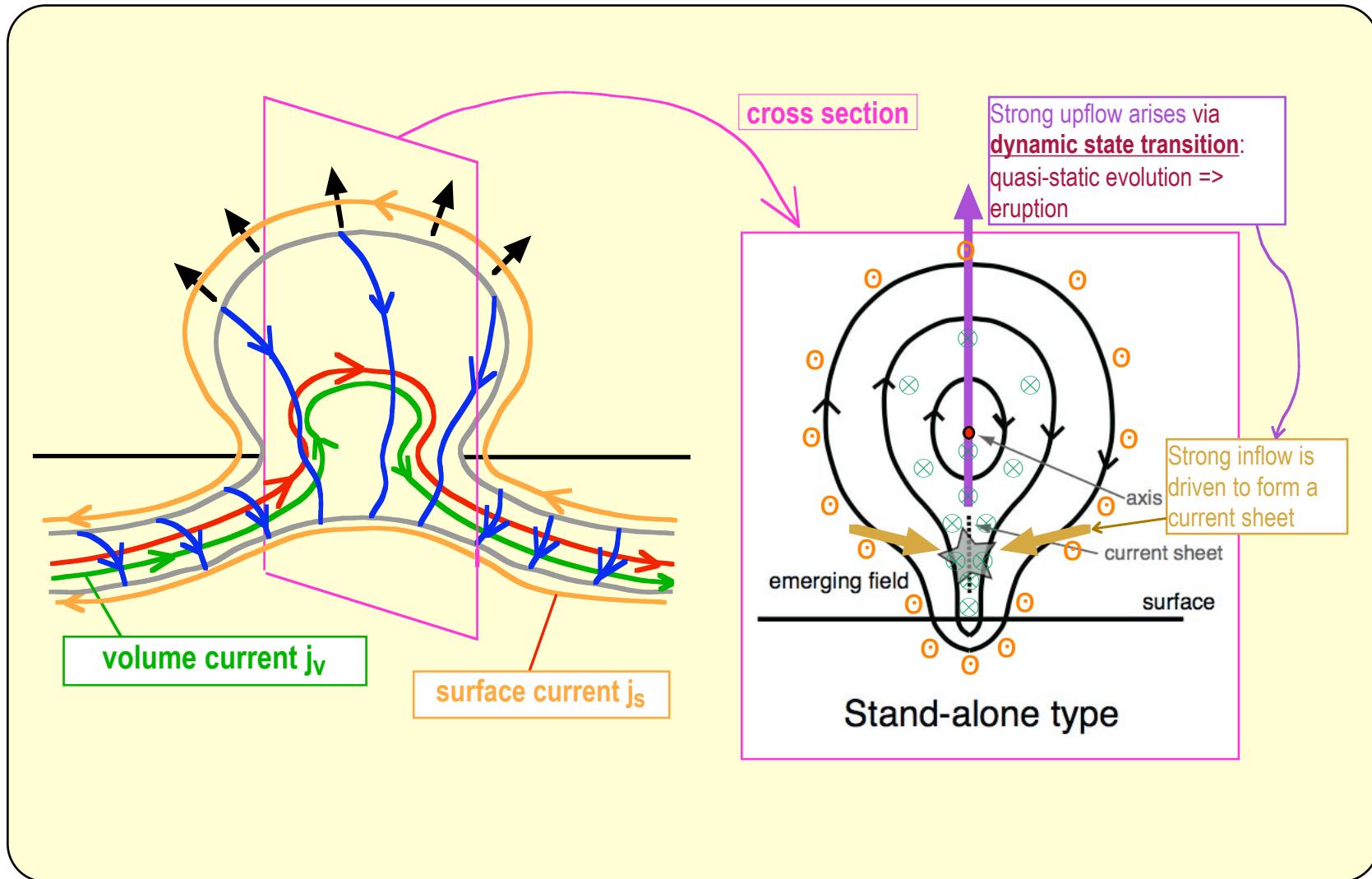
When a nearly anti-parallel magnetic field configuration exists, strong cross-field electric current flows there (current sheet).



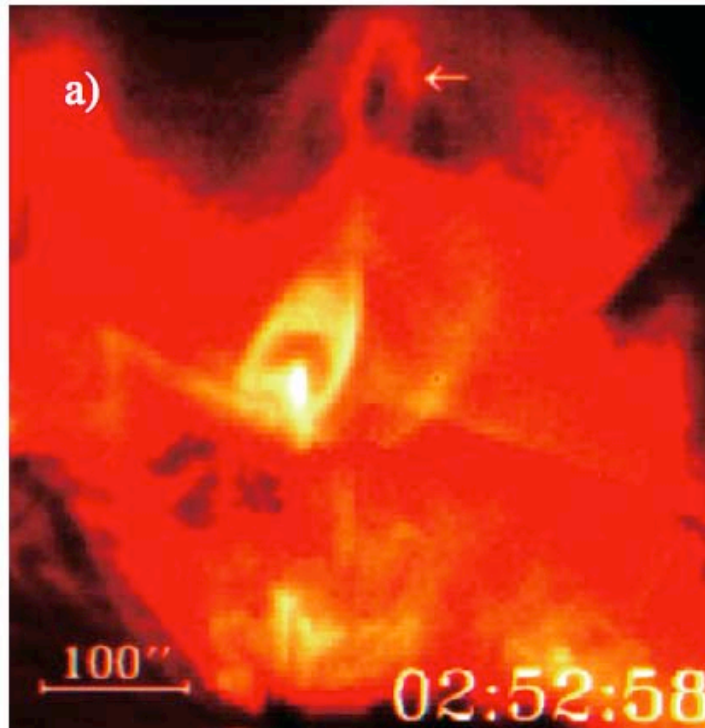
In the current sheet, energy conversion called 'magnetic reconnection' may proceed, which efficiently converts free magnetic energy to kinetic and thermal energy. It may also accelerate selected particles via electric field involved in the reconnection.

How is a current sheet formed in an emerging twisted flux tube?

(http://163.180.179.74/~magara/page31/Research_evolution-path.html)

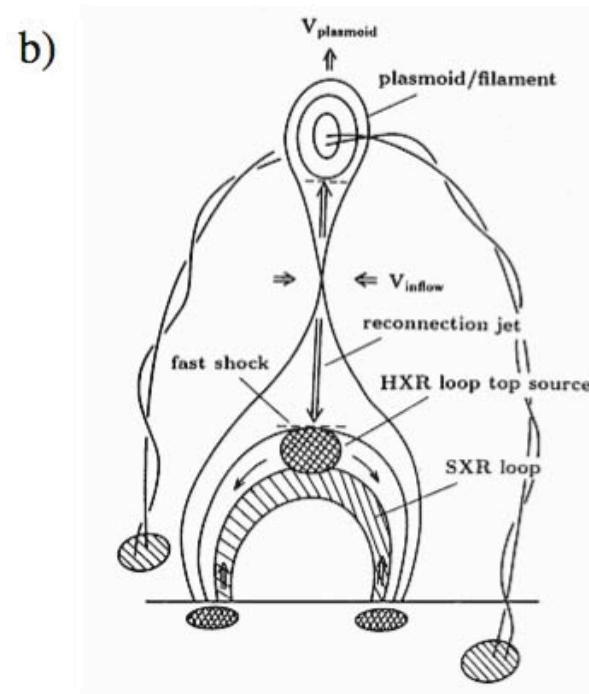


Solar flare: magnetic reconnection is expected to occur...



Observed by *Yohkoh*

Structure of a flare



Shibata (1999)

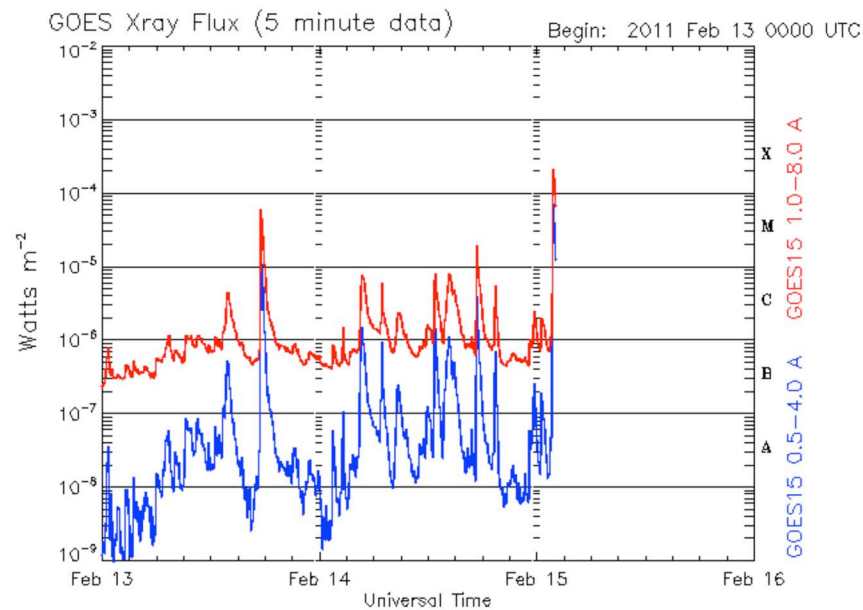
Properties of flares

Spatial size: $10^4 - 10^5$ km

Duration: $10^3 - 10^4$ sec

Released energy: $10^{28} - 10^{32}$ erg/event $\longleftrightarrow L_{\odot} \sim 4 \times 10^{33}$ erg/s

Classification of flares based on X-ray emission



Updated 2011 Feb 15 02:20:12 UTC

NOAA/SWPC Boulder, CO USA

Peak value of X-Ray flux (1 – 8 Å, W/m²)

A	$10^{-8} - 10^{-7}$
B	$10^{-7} - 10^{-6}$
C	$10^{-6} - 10^{-5}$
M	$10^{-5} - 10^{-4}$
X	$> 10^{-4}$

Ejection of solar magnetic fields into the
interplanetary space

Properties of CMEs

- Occurrence rate: **1 (solar minimum) ~ 3 (maximum) /day**
- Average velocity: **450 km/s**
 slow CME... high latitude, gradually accelerated
 fast CME... active region, ballistically accelerated
- Total mass loss: **$10^{13} - 16$ g/event** \longleftrightarrow solar-wind mass loss rate: 10^{12} g/s
- Kinetic (mechanical) energy: **$10^{27} - 32$ erg/event** \longleftrightarrow $L_{\odot} \sim 4 \times 10^{33}$ erg/s

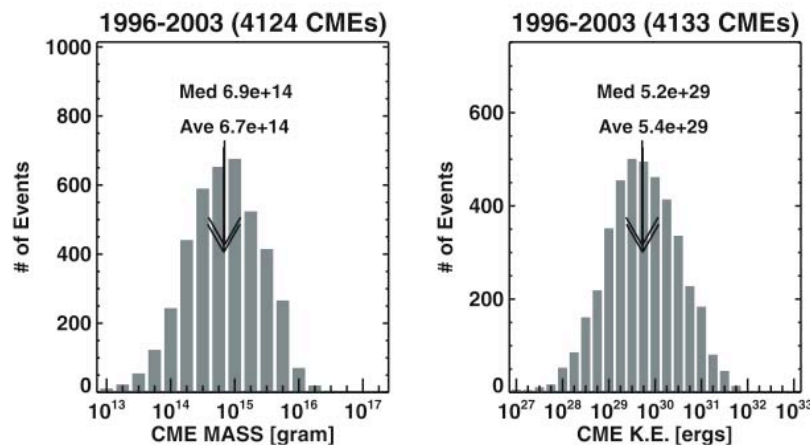


Figure 2. CME mass (left), and kinetic energy (right) of SOHO CMEs for the period 1996–2003.

Gopalswamy (2006)

Table 1: Some Average Characteristics of Coronal Mass Ejections

	Skylab (1973-74)	Solwind (1979-80 & 1984-85)	SMM (1980, 1984-89)
Angular Size	42°	43°	47°
Speed	470 km sec^{-1}	460 km sec^{-1}	350 km sec^{-1}
Mass	—	$4.0 \times 10^{15} \text{ gm}$	$3.3 \times 10^{15} \text{ gm}$
Kinetic Energy	—	$3.4 \times 10^{30} \text{ ergs}$	$6.7 \times 10^{30} \text{ ergs}$
Potential Energy	—	—	$7.1 \times 10^{30} \text{ ergs}$
Mechanical Energy	—	—	$1.38 \times 10^{31} \text{ ergs}$

Hundhausen (2000)

Structure of a CME

Three-part structure:

